THE

Lues Aenerea,

Rationally handled, in its

Original CAUSE:

WITHITS

CURE.

Nemo unquam legendo, fit Artifex.

By 7. A. Surgeon.

LONDON,

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The PREFACE.

OTwhat can be collected from Authors, the Luce han in all Euro ean Countries, been found an obstinate Distemper. The ill Success of former Practice, one would be apt to attribute wrong Hypothesis's, and the Proesses consequent thereto, did not many Particulars at this Day justifie their Complaints, and shew us the same Difficulties remain about the Nature nd Cure of this Distemper, as over. No Mostrum as yet, how infallible oever in the Opinion of its Roffestoo will answer to all Symptoms, or to all Patients under the same Circumstances; I have had Tryal of Jeweral communicated as such, but finding nothing extraordinary in them, I conclude the Art of Curing here, as in other Difeases,

The PREFACE.

eases, lies as much in the Managemen as in the Medicines themselves, tha they be administred in Season, an adapted to Constitutions; so that to sa Mercury is the Foundation of Cur will be of little import to a Reader of this Subject, unless at the same time the Skill of using it could be convey'd and this will never be attained in an great Perfection without Practice However, an attention to Rules is no altogether unworthy a Regard, for which Reason I have ventur'd on this Essay, wherein I have, as it fell in my way, made a summary of the best Opinions in the Therapeutick Part, yes with no Restraint to my own Senti ments, which thro' the whole, I have endeavoured to make appear Rational if it shall be thought so by the proper Judges, it may possibly hereafter receive an Improvement.

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HOSE who fetch the Original of this Distemper no farther back than the Siege of Naples by the French, 1494, thence calling it the French,

and sometimes the Neapolitan Disease, must only mean that it received its present Name there, that it became more common, or that luckily about that Time some Remedy was sound better idapted to its Cure than any before known: For no doubt it reaches in Antiquity the First Ages; it being irrational either to suppose a World drowned for their Sins, Strangers to the Vice that contracts it, or that their Wickedness any more than ours deserved Exemption. No; Providence, we may safely B

believe, stamped an immediate Punishment on this, as on all other Intemperance and Sin, ab Origine, that the Pains and Sufferings fucceeding a vicious Course of Life, might, if nothing else would, restrain us to Vertue, and be both a natural and moral Good to us. We find Moses describing a Leprosy, Levit. 13 and 14, that corresponds with the Symptoms, and feems to have been a Species of this Distemper; so does the Difficulty of the Cure, Deut. 28. where it is said, The botch and scab of Egypt of which thou canst not be healed: And those many Laws found here relating to a Leprofy, would fuffer a greater Disappointment than feems intended, as well from the Obstinacy as infrequency of the Distemper, if applied only to what we now strictly understand by that Term: The fame may be faid of many Ancient Phyfical Authors, who with the like or greater Plainness have described the Symproms, tho' not under the modern Titles.

In the profecution of this Subject I propose to set forth the Nature and Manner of Infection in all those Symptoms commonly understood by a Clap, viz. the Generrhea, Chancre, Phymosis, &c. and then exhibit a Method of Cure; mentioning

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the Symptoms occasionally under either Head, as they serve to enlighten each other: And First of the Gonorrhaa.

The Gonorrhea is benign or malign; The first fort is an Emission of Humour from the Glandula prostata, a Weakness only, and commonly proceeding from great Strains, and where the natural Strength has been too far exerted in any fort, whether by Labour or Venereal Pleafures; it has its Symptoms as well as Process of Cure very different from the malignant, which at present I shall make the only Subject of my Enquiry, and that under two Heads.

1. By fliewing how either Sex becomes infected. And,

2. A Cure for that Infection.

And 1st. Of the Woman: Her I look on must be primarily and originally Infected, that is sine amplexa infecto, to introduce the being of this Distemper in the World: For let a Man correspond with what Variety he pleases (provided they are found) he receives no Malignancy, which could it be so with her, I cannot see why we ever should thus unhappily have had its Knowledge; but Experience too fatally contradicting this, is a Conviction, that Coition with Numbers has

first of all, and probably does still, at fome times effect the same, as at other times Communication with an infected Person; and this I shall endeavour to

make out in a few Words.

Such who fay the promiscuous Mixture of different Sperms excites a Ferment, which in a little Time throws off fuch an Exfpumation as we call a Running, do agree that Numbers (tho' found) carry Infection, we only differ in the Manner they accomplish it, which I rather suppose to be thus: When the Venereal Appetite is jaded with the too intemperate Efforts of several Men, it will be next to impossible for those Parts to fuffer the continued Frictions made there (as common Women do) without excoriating and fretting the Membranes of the Vagina; and fuch Excoriations, how fmall foever in the beginning, meeting with an ill Habit of Body, together with the natural Incalescence and Moisture of the Parts, will foon degenerate to an Ulcer; which Ulcer will be the Diftemper: And perhaps herein lies the Difference between a Fluor Albus and Gonorrhaa, (when thus contracted) that the one is a Weakness from too frequent Irritations made there, and the other besides that extrinsical

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joined, that induces Intemperies.

What I think gives Credit to this Opinion is the Customs of the Jewish, Mahometan, and many other Countries, who allow a Plurality of Wives, and an unlimited Number of Concubines, restraining their Sex at the fame time to one: For this, tho' an inferiour Motive of the Law, argues the World to have previously experienced fuch a Liberty in them more destructive of Health and a found Constitution than in us. Among other Creatures there is an Instinct answering fuch a Purpose of the Law whereby the Females are provoked only at certain Seasons to Propagation, and abstain after Conception; Nature intimating by it a Lesson of Chastity to the Fair; that it should be their peculiar as well as most ornamental Vertue,

Against it, I can form to my self only two Objections: First, That it may be alleged the Activity of some Men this Way, might prejudice a weak Woman the same as a Number: And Secondly, it may be asked how an Ulcer, in Valgina, can acquire Malignity enough to communicate Infection on Coition, when the greatest Degree of Virulen-

cy in another Ulcer produces no fuch Effect?

But, to these ir may be answered, That the Strength and Activity of any two in Health will feldom be found fo difproportionate as to become hurtful, when it is; the Disorder ensuing can be no more than a Fluor Albus, or a Weakness without Malignity. And as to the other; why an Ulcer here should sooner impart its Mischief than any other? Is, that the Parts concerned are in all Respects more commodious for giving and receiving any Injury, and that the Heat raised and excited by Lust gives a Force and Activity to the Salts generated under the Corruption; whereas any other Ulcer, tho' never fo virulent, cannot emit Effluvia's in fuch Force or Numbers, nor to Parts fo susceptible of their Reception; but if they had those Advantages, it is likely their Effects would be equal, many ill Confequences following from an Ulcer with Virulency in any Part incautiously dry'd up.

That Lust also is a very necessary Adjunct for communicating Infection, and giving Force to those virulent Miasms that are as it were darted by it from her, we judge by that particular Power and In-

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Influence, Imagination is found to have in the Commotion of these Parts: In this Case it is so much, that many insected Women avoid hurting their Husbands principally on the Moderation and Coolness of their Enjoyments, whereas a Stranger inciting more intense and vigorous Desires as seldom escapes. The same may be said where two or three, with weaker or stronger Inclinations, lie with one and the same infected Woman, that one perhaps shall be catched, and the others come off unhurt, chiefly as the Fancy on either side is brisk and lively, inclin'd or difinclin'd.

Venereal Contact feems of fuch Necessity for communicating Infection, that with me it is a very unlikely thing for Venereal Matter ever to do it without, those who have afferted the contrary of this have done it in such improbable Instances, which whoever can affent to, will be very unreasonable if they deny their Acquiescence in what I have advanced of Numbers. For Instance:

The Practical Scheme (Page 4.) fays, It is not always necessary a Woman be clapp'd to give it a Man, but that he may take off all the virulent Matter left in the Passage by a preceding Gallant,

and she remain perfectly well; or that she may give it him by only taking the corrupted Matter from her Body in her

Hand and wetting his Privities.

And others relate its highest Degeneracy, or a Pox, to be Contagious by wearing the Clothes, Lying, or Cohabiting with an infected Person; especially if we suppose it of that Stage of the Distemper wherein the Body becomes overspread with Cutaneous Eruptions and Blotches.

There are but Two Ways in this latter Case (for the former I have no Notion of) whereby Contagion can be supposed to pass, and that is by their throwing off a greater Quantity of noxious and virulent Essuvia, able to contaminate where they reach, or else, (like what is related in the Philosophical Transactions concerning Contagion in the Itch) Animalcula, are bred in those Globules, dispersed about the Skin, which making their Way through, shift from Place to Place, and so carry Insection, they living (says the Relation) two or three Days when from the Body.

But how well these Assignata may refolve other contagious Distempers, they will here be found but light in the Bal-

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lance, Fact baffles Philosophy, and if all those who have suffered this Way are like what have fallen to my Share, there is not one who could stand by any other Pretence than Coition: Whence we ought to account the Distemper a Mark of Divine Displeasure, and a present bodily Correction for our Sin, that the Sense of our own Interest, might work on us, and bring us back to Temperance and Vertue.

How a Man becomes infected.

Women we have adjudged sometimes to become infected by the Admission of Numbers, tho' sound and healthful; but a Man cannot by the same Means, because among other Reasons there is this invincible one, That Nature is not able to support the Repetitions of those Acts to such a Multiplicity, or in such Measure as with her who is passive; but could that be, I believe also he might so contract it: Insatiable and impotent Efforts, or too painful Enjoyments through the Straitness of the Vagina, frequently discovers something like this, in what we call simple Gonor-rhea's

rhea's and Christallins, which perhaps Time and an ill Habit would change, and make to become virulent, did not Pain or the Debility of Nature prevent a further Use of the Cause that first produced them, and hinder our Actions from keeping Pace with the Viciousness of our Wills and Inclinations. For this Reason therefore Venereal Symptoms thus contracted, never fettle or terminate in a Pox; and I am apt to think all Malignity that does fo to him, or is contagious, Must always be from an infected Person, and always by Coition: For a clearer Understanding of which, and the Manner of Communication, I shall Cite Two or Three Celebrated Opinions about it, and then sub-Stribe my own.

Dr. Keil says, It's Conveyance is by the Elasticity of the Air, thrusting the Morbisick Matter into the Excretory Ducts of the Prostata, which are empty on Coition; and that a simple Gonorrhæa is nothing, but a Corrosion of the Spongious Borders of those Vessels

terminating in the Urethra.

Some think, a Gonorrhaa to be the Effect of a Fermentation made between the Infectious Liquor, and that of the Prostatæ, and so without Corrosson an Efflux thrown off like Yest from Beer.

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Lastly, Dr. Cockburn supposes a Gonorrhaa to be the encrease of that Liquor that is
discharged by the Excretory Glands of the Urethra, and done by the Venereal Stimulus, in
the same manner as Cantharides apply'd
would do; the Quantity of Matter discharg'd
being in proportion to the Stimulating Force
they are affected with: And this Stimulus
(he says) encreasing its Acrimony, does in
Process of time, make Ulcers in the Urethra.
This he farther opposes to Dr. Keil's Opinion, by saying, the Urethra will admit
very little, and that there is no Muscle,
Membrane, or Machine alleged to help it
forward.

But these Opinions, besides their Opposition to one another, are deficient in carrying their Aim fingly to a Gonorrhea, without any Attempt at the Caufe of a Chancre, Chordee, or Phymosis, which Men often become infected with, without a Gonorrhea: I shall therefore begin my Enquiry here, being affured that they at least want another and different Explication, which perhaps when found, will facilitate also our Search in a Gonorrhea; and if I am right in my Conjecture, They arise from the Strength, Activity, and Solidity of the Salts hid with the Corruption, which being difperfed. fpersed about the Vagina, are volatiliz'd and made fitter for Communication by the Heat of Lust, and received by the enlarged Pores of the Penis, where, by their Pointedness, they shortly effect an Erosion.

The manner of this Imbibing or Suction on the Man's fide, is not abfurdly accounted for by the general Relaxation that attends all fenfual Pleafures, of which Coition is perhaps the greatest: Now, as it most exquisitely affects us, the Parts are relaxed and made more eafily fusceptible of any Venom to be transmitted, and that again from her becomes enabled to infinuate and escape through the Pores by the Pungency of their Salts, and Power they are darted with; and if the Degree of Relaxation in any Part be in Proportion to the Pleasure, (as in the agreeable Objects of any other Sense, it is, where tho' some Degree of it refults to the whole Man, yet fomething remains peculiar to the Sense of which it is an Object) then the Instruments of Generation, by being most relaxed, will be also most fitted on that Account for the Reception of morbifick Matter.

Hence the Genital Parts should always suffer first, and amorous Men soonest.

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And if virulent Matter, thus externally lodged, can act like Cantharides, and produce a Chancre, Chordee, or Phymosis, then I believe we may also, without any repugnancy to Reason, think this outward Application of it in Coition fufficient to produce a Gonorrhea: The Difficulty against it being only how this Taint can be transmitted hence to the Prostata, which will not be fo hard to Imagine, if we confider what has been already faid of the Power impelling, and the Aptitude to receive. We find all Parts of the Body Porous, and by many Experiments receptive of any proper Matter incumbent on them, conveying and mixing a Portion with the Humours of the Body, as in Bathing, &c.

In all Translations of Tumours, whether by Revulsion or Derivation, this Sympathy and Communication of Parts is evident, and particularly in the present Case, where, on an improper handling, the Virulency will revert into the Blood, and produce all the Symptoms of a Pox, and indeed all outward Applications to any Malady deeper than the Skin (without this) would be impertinent: Why then should it be thought so extraordinary for infectious Matter arm'd with

other

other Properties than bare Fluidity, to affect these Glandules at so small a Distance? Since it must be acknowledged the several Parts of a Member have a much easier Communication with themselves than with the whole, as we often see in the quick and ready Translation of a Gonorrhaa to the Groin and Testi-

cles, & Vice Verfa.

The only remaining Objection to this Transmission by the Pores is, that the greatest Corrosions at the Glans and Praputium are rarely attended with a Gonorrhea, whereas were fuch Corrofions thus effected, as it would be an Argument of a stronger Infection, and the Corrosiveness of that Venereal Matter to be greater, it should as feldom miss. This feems to be from the Contraction, Pains and Swelling that attend those Ulcers, whereby the Passages to the Prostata are straitned and obstructed; but a slighter Degree, creating no fuch Impediments, eafily passes, and is sufficient to propel that Humour from the Glands which in a less Proportion is their Nature and Office. From hence we may learn a Gonorrhea to be the mildest Species of Infection.

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If any one should yet object and think the Mucous Glands of the Urethra more easily reached than the Proftate, and to to be the Seat of a Gonorrhaa: I shall no further insist, but only remark to the Favourers of fuch an Opinion, That a Running is not produced by an Ulceration or Corrofion of the Oftiola of the Glands terminating there, for fuch would be an irreparable Lofs, and is the very Cause of some Gleets, being incurable; but it is rather from the ConstitutingVeffels of those Glands being rendred weak and flaccid, that were before vigorous and elastick, parting easily (for that reason) with their Contents.

From the whole of this Explication we may fee a Reason for that Custom in many Foreign Countries of washing the Privities well after Coition, (to wit) that they find it preventive of Infection, and perhaps Circumcision was not instituted by that renowned Law-giver Moses, or the Impostor Mahomet, nor practised by Ancienter Nations, without a View to the Cleanliness of this Part, and Prevention of foul and loathsome Distempers.

Those who account for a Gonorrhaa thus, do not say a Disuria is from an Excoriation in the Urethra, but that the Sharpness

ness of the Infection thinning and car- Subjection rying off the Mucus from the Membrane the i that lines it, is made more fensible the F of the pungent Salts of Urine passing through; which they would confirm by the Nature of Patients Complaints, who don't speak of the Heat of Water as a Pain confin'd to one particular Spot of the Passage, but diffused, and seems an equal Vellication of the whole Membrane.

I come now to the fecond and most

useful Part,

The Cure of this Distemper: And First its Description.

Virulent Gonorrhea or CLAP, is the Emission of infectious Matter from the corroded Glandula Prostate, or those of the Urethra, accompanied with a DISURIA; or in other Words, the involuntary Flowing of Matter through the Urethra, with Pain, Inflammation and Heat of Urine; These are its Pathognomick Signs, and the Degree they are in, with Respect to Consistence and Colour in the Running (as Tellow, Green, or the like) or Pain in Water, are what we may take the Measure of Virulency from, and will be found more or less in different Sub-

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Subjects, according to the Malignity of the infected Person, and Constitution of the Receiver.

A Disuria is a Necessary Consequence of the Running, it being a Pain from the Acriminious Salts of Urine wasting thro' the Parts which that has excoriated.

The Cure I shall lay down under these

two Intentions:

First, To conquer and carry off the Malignancy, and

Secondly, To heal and strengthen the

Debilitated Parts.

Mercury only is able to answer our first Intention, and effectually to subdue the Poison of this Distemper: The Reason why it has a Power beyond other Medicines for this purpose, is its Gravity, and because its constituent Parts are extreme fmall, fmooth and fphærical: The latter Qualification fits them for an admittance into the smallest Passages (even those almost indiscernible ones of the Glands) and its weight breaks all Coagulations, and fits the Morbifick Matter for natural Secretions. And whatever flights some may put on this common Road of proceeding; yet, till better convinced in the Vertues of the several applauded Specificks that have appeared abroad in the World, I take For altho' a tedious, or an ill Cure, may now and then happen, it is not justly so much a Charge on the Medicine, as the Method; when we leave off too soon, or continue it with Purges too long, a Practice equally Mischievous. But more

of this by and by.

I am surprized, that every body, by their Practice, should allow Mercury to be the only Foundation and Retreat for Cure, in the last and stubbornest Stage of this Distemper, a Pox, and yet deny its Vertues in a milder Season. It must be confessed, there are too often seen many ill Effects from this Mineral; and on a ferious Reflection, I cannot but think, most of those deplorable Objects found in Hospitals, or elsewhere, whose ruined Constitutions are attributed to the Lues, to be with more Truth and Justice, ascribed to Mercury; but then this is not the Use, but Abuse of it; an unskilful Management often precipitating Patients, (and that in a short time) into such miserable Circumstances, as the Distemper, left to it felf, could not in Years (if ever) have produc'd: From this Preposession many take a handle to recommend their

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infallible Nostrums, which when good for any thing still have this for their Basis.

The Ingenuity of making Mercury Specifical, will lie in the Meafure and Manner of Administration; that it suit such Degrees of Infection, and fuch Constitutions; a Point wherein one Man will excel another, according to their different Capacities, and Opportunities of Experiment: All other ways are supported by nothing but a Brass Front. The many fuccessless Attempts of those who publickly invite Men to Safe and Speedy Cures, have pretty well exposed their Credit; and People fee it to be nothing but a Competition in Cunning, who shall betray with most fuccess, without the least Candour, or regard to the Promises they make: nor is it a small Disparagement to Arcana's here, that they are generally lodg'd with the Illiterate. I shall further strengthen this Argument for Mercury, in Opposition to other Specificks, by a short Excursion on the Practical Scheme; because it has made the loudest Noise of late, and has been Famous, if not for attracting Poifon, yet for attracting the Pence, Populus vult decipi.

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A Compounded Medicine, as is the Practical Scheme's, tho' it should seldom D 2 miss,

miss the Ends it is giv'n for, and so be faid to act Electively, yet by being Compounded, is properly and fignificatively ranked under the Name of an Arcanum; which the Elder Brethren have chosen with Judgment, the Term of Specifick being usually apply'd to single Natural Bodies, fuch as he has mention'd (p. 12.) And tho' they may be diverfly mix'd for conveying and using them with advantage, yet the Term is retained fingly to that Body which is faid to be Specifical: As for instance, in the Cortex; whatever Form or Vehicle we give it in, there is nothing but it felf has any Claim to the Title: Therefore making the Vertue of his Composition to be the Joynt Force and Refult of all, (p. 15.) is not only a Misapplication of it, but a Confession, that this Specificality lieth in none of them singly; or if it does, 'tis as yet a hidden thing to him. For he goes on, and tells ye (p.12. 13, 16. & Certificat. p. 22.) Their United Force, like a Loadstone, draws the Contagion to it, and exactly hits the different Constitutions of any Age, and that from the Recency of the Diftemper, to their being in a de-And for further Proofs of plorable State. these Absurdities, he says (p. 14.) Persons after having taken the Specifick, will void large

large of Water, will no but an this Un out w with I tains to charge the Pefession yet figreat deed.

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his ces large quantities of nasty corrupted stinking Water, of Such an unsufferable Steach, they will not be able to bear the smell; and give but any Dog (that will take it) a Quart of this Urine, and he will in a little time break out with Pocky Sores; recoverable again with so small a Dose of the Specifick as contains to the bigness of a Pea, which will discharge it in such stinking corrupted Urine, as the Person's was who made it. A plain Confession it was the Effect of the Medicine, yet ferves him for a Conviction of the great Power of this Remedy: And indeed, granting the Relations true, it must be allow'd (as was the Gamboge the poor Weavers took) to be of Stupendious Efficacy (p. 14.)

I shall not wrong this Gentleman, I believe, in suppposing his Scheme to be (like other shorter Schemes that are daily thrust into our Hands) for drawing in of Customers; he differs only in having alter'd their Concise way of Writing, and recommending in many Words what they have done Compendiously. The admirable Vertues of their Incomparable Neverfailing Anti-venereal PILL. Through a great part of his Book he infinuates to his Readers such astonishing Performances from the Specifick, as come but little short

short of Infallibility: It is a Cure (fays he) (p. 21.) for Nineteen in Twenty. very fmall Exception, yet ferves a double End, being both Good News to the Afflicted (Title of a Quack Bill) and a Salvo for Mifcarriages: For should the Reverse of this be, and the Uncur'd 19 in 20, they might every one fingly lament themselves and he with them as the unhappy excepted Person, and their Certificates must be wanting, because like his Cures, it would not be allowable to publish their Names and Abodes. And indeed, he that gives out a Bill of Promifes on this Head, is much more fafe from Detection and Reproach than any other; because, to contest the thing is taking a publick Shame, and may be one Reason the Infallibility of a Cure is oftner and more confidently afferted here than in any other Cafe. The Certificates publish'd on these Occasions, (to confirm the Unbelieving) are few enough to be a concerted Cheat; and if real, is only a cunning in common with the Fraternity.

The Pictures which escape they wisely keep, But HIDE all those that perish in the Deep.

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Mrs. Avery's Case (poor Gentlewoman) (p. 22. the Certificate) may be granted very bad, and the Cure as Extraordinary; yet to shew the World something of a Parallel, and that others Parts of it do not want for Wonders, I refer to the following Story, transcrib'd from the Patient's own Lips; abbreviated and drawn into a Certificate, will run thus:

T. H. of havig been for many Months afflicted with a Swelling in my Belly, Gripings, great Pains in my Limbs, and in a weak and languishing Condition, for which I had been a long while under the Prescriptions of several eminent Physicians, but to such purpose, that I was reduced even to Death's Door: At last, in a Despondency of Mind, I betook my self to little Dr. Le F ... at the upper end of Three C ... Alley: On examining my Case, and what had been done for it, he shook his Head and faid, His Brethren had very much mistook the Illness, or elfethey would not have bottom'd their Hopes on Medicine Internal or External; That the Planets were more concern'd in this Affair, and had "United their selectest " Influences against me": He bid me be cheery and confident in him, and only lend

lend him my Servant next Morning at Three o' Clock, with fome of my Urine, to Epping Forest. Knowing his Wisdom, I shew'd all the Tokens of a glad Compliance my weak State would permit, and begg'd him, as a Christian, to use his utmost Skill for my Recovery. He promis'd he would; and accordingly took my Man with him as appointed. At his Return he told me My Business was done: That I should have only one severe Fit of Gripes more, but be perfectly recover'd in a Week. After the Doctor had taken his Leave, my Curiosity led me to enquire of John, what had been done at the Forest, and he told me, all he knew was, that he had Seen the Doctor bore several Holes in an old Oak, put my Water in them, and then fill'd them up with Trunnels again, muttering withal some Words inwardly which he could not understand. My Heart ak'd for the Success of this Mystical way of Application a whole day; but praised be God his Words had Truth to a Tittle: I had next day, or next but one, the expected Fit; and before the expiration of a Week (as he had foretold) walked about to Admiration.

What may compleat the Author's Praises, and recommend the Cure to the Publick, is his taking but Twelve Guineas for it: To be

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it: The Presents that were afterwards added (tho' very short of a Requital) were, as I hope to be f --- forced on him.

To the Truth of all which Premisses, I freely,

and without Fee, do certifie, this 20th, 5c.

But to return from this Digression, begin the Cure with a strict Regulation in Living, particularly an Abstifrom spirituous Liquor and falt Food, and prescribe directly a Mercurial Bolus.

Be Mer. Dul. gr. xij. Conf. Rof. q. f. f. bolus hora somni sumend. purging it off next Morning with an Infusion of Senna. After the first or second time, I increase the Mercury in the Bolus, and give ffronger Catharticks.

1 Pili ex duobus 31. rez Jelap. Balf. Peruv. ana gr. ij. Calomel. gr. vj. fiat Pil. Not V. mane vorandus.

Vel, R. Pil. Cochia 31. Calomeli gr. x. Ol.

Junip. gr. iij. f. Pil. deaurand.

Vel, & Elect. Lenitiv. 3ij. Mer. dul. gr. x. rez Scammon. Jalup. an. gr. iv. Ol. Carui g. ij. M. Constantly administring, at the end of their Operation, a Paregorick Draught.

PURGES are given after Mercurials (I believe) not so much from a Supposition On that their Vertues immediately reach the Part affected, and subdue the Poison directly, as from a distant View of altering the Habit of Body, and carrying off those vicious Humours that would else probably take their Course that way, and heighten the Fury: This Opinion is founded in Practice; where nothing is commoner than from two Men infected by the same Woman, to see the one cur'd in a few Days, when the other perhaps requires Months; which can be from nothing sooner than their different Habits.

Purges are design'd likewise to prevent any ill Effect from too great a quantity of Mercury remaining at once in the Body.

This may fuffice for their Defence in general. There remains another material Confideration in the Use of them, and that respects the frequency of their Repetition. And rightly to understand a Proportion in this, we are to consider, that as the Malignancy of a Gonorrhea, Nature her self, in good Constitutions, would run off in a due Quantity of time; and that our Administrations are but her Assistants thereto: The Faults may be equal, in leaving them off too soon, or continuing them too long; by the former the Insection is not conquer'd, and by the latter

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the Constitution is enervated, and Nature's Efforts weakned instead of being assisted: In consequence of this I repeat the Mercurial Bolus, and purge no oftner than Reason tells me their Strength will admit, without a Hypercatharsis, Fainting or Loathings (which is with some every other Day, with others twice a Week, or less;) and in the Intermissions give largely of the following Apozems or Emulsions.

R Sem. 4. frig. 31. aq. Ment. s. fbij. Sal Tartar 31. fiat Emulsio Sacchar. candid. ad

gratiam edulcorand.

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R Amygdal. dul. No. xij Sem. Papav 3is. Contundantur & sensim affunde aq. Plantag. vel decoct. Hord. tbij. Syr. Altha 3j. f. Emulsio

Be Decoct. Pectoral. tij. Spir. Nitri dul. g.

xxx. f. Apozema.

Be Sal Prunel. Sacchar. candid. p. & M. f. Pulvis sumat ad quantitatem Scrupuli in Ce-

revisia tepid, ter in die.

As these, or other Forms of Diureticks, are supposed to ease the Heat of Water by increasing the Quantity, and so diluting the Salts; so, to this end such an Injection may be serviceable also as is soft, and can leave something of a Mucilaginous Substance to lubricate and defend the Urethra.

E 2 Solvatur

Solvatur G. Tragacanth. vel Arab. vel Ichthiocol. in sero. Lactis, Colatura tepide injic.

While we are continuing the use of these, it will be proper to weigh with our felves, what are the Signs of our first Intention being answer'd, and sufficiently authorize us to leave them off: For there is no doubt a Period, which the Skilful discern, wherein a Change for Healing Balfamick Medicines is necessary and required, and which as we come short off, or exceed, may be either way pernicious: For, First, If (while the Signs of Malignancy abide) too sudden a Check be given to the Running, either by the unfeatonable use of Astringents, or too quick and strong purging in the beginning, which turns to the fame; then it will either revert and taint the whole Mass of Blood, or produce by a nearer Translation acute Pain, Tumour, and Inflammation of the Groin or Testicles; which may prove of as unhappy Confequence; particularly in the last the Pains are agonizing, and attended with Fever, Syncope and Nausea, and the Membrane wanting Fat, never without danger of Corruption and Gangrene.

Again: If, on the other side, the proper Season is miss'd of doing it, and there

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is too cautious and long an adherence to Mercurials, or irritating Medicines, whether Catharticks or Diureticks, the Running goes on without end, and at last brings an irrecoverable Laxity on the Parts, converting a Venereal to a troublesom Seminal Gleet. To avoid these Extremes, I take the proper Indications for fuch an Alteration to be Absence of Pain and Soreness about the Groin and Testicles, When the Distention of the Yard is gone off, When the Hear of Urine is considerably abated, and when the Running is of thick and equal Confistence, chang'd in Colour and lessen'd in Quantity; for as the contrary of these are what constitutes its Virulency, so their Remission must be Signs of Amendment, and a proper Stadium for changing the Method. It is not to be expected a Running should ever so intirely change as not to leave a Stain, which some do fillily imagine; no, it will be fufficient that there are confiderable Alterations in the Respects abovemention'd; the better those appear, indeed, the safer shall we be in stopping it; and let the remaining Matter revert where it will (separate from Signs of Malignancy) it can be of no more hurt, than the drying of an Issue, or other fimple or common Ulcer.

The fecond Intention is, to dry up the Running, and heal and strengthen the debilitated Parts. The former part of this Intention I have compass'd sometimes (in Athletick Constitutions) by a single quick Purge; which shows, that a Cathartick, without any other Property than its stimulating Power increas'd, will turn Astringent, and dry up the Liquor of the Glands: But as Circumstances will prevent this from being the constant Effect of it, and that (like Mr. Avery's Case) it will be far from happening every Day, I shall select some of those Preparations I've most fuccessfully experienced, and range them in their Order of Healing and Aftringency, to fort with the better or worfe appearance of the Indications above; and doubt not but a due Observance to the Season of their Administration, together with a thick glutinous Diet (which under this Intention should always be directed) will make them answer as effectually with others.

R Sal Prunel. 3iij. Pulv. Rhabarb. 3ij. Troch. de Agaric. Alhandal. an. 3ij Antim. Diaphoret. CC ppt. Mer. dul. bene levigat, rez Jalap. an. 3j. Elect. Lenitiv. 3ij. Balf. Capivi q. s. sumat ad magnitud. Castanea omni Mane & Vespere.

R Pul.

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R. Pul. Rhabarb. 3ij. Sal Prunel. 3j. Nucis Moschat. 3j. Bals. Capiv. Peru. ana 3jss. sumat omni mane ad duas vel tres Dejectiones promovendas.

Re Ichthyocoll. Albiss. 3j. decog. in aq. Font. 3xij. Colatura adde aq. Rosar. 3j. M. sumat. Coch. ij. (in latte vaccino dissolut.) quater in

die.

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R Cortic. Peruv. 3j. decog. in aq. Font. q.s. ad 3viij. Colatur. hujus 3ij. PP 3i. aq. Cinam 3j. M.f. haust. 8va quaque hora sumend.

Be Terebinth. Venet. 31. Vitill. ovi fyr. Balf.

31. M. è Cyatho vin. alb. sumend.

Be Bol. Arm. 3j. Balf. Capiv. 3iij. capiat un. semis quotidie, semel vel bis alvos promovet.

R Bol. Arm. Sang. Dracon. Terr. sigillat. Pul. Rhabarb. tort. an. p & Tereb. Venet. q. s. f. Pil. mediocres sumat quinque bis in die.

R Pil. Cretacea B. eodem modo sumend.

Decoct. Guaiac. sape sumat haust. in qua instillat g. xx. Tinct. Guaiac. vel Tinct. ex Bals. Peruv. Gilead, &c.

Re Sacch. Saturn. Vitriol. R. an. 31. dissolut. in aq. Ferraria to iss. & filtretur pro inje-

ctione.

B. Ag. Plantag. 3vj. Tinet. Myrra 3j. vel

Tinct. Veneris 3sf. tepide injicitur.

To these we may add the use of the Cold-Bath; it gives a Contraction and Tensity

Tensity to the Fibres in general, and therefore must close the Orifices of these Ducts in particular.

6 III.

THE other Symptoms of Virulency which Denominate a Person Clapp'd, and that as well without as with a Gonorrhaa, are the Chordee, Phymosis; Paraphymosis, Chancre and Bubo. These I chuse to speak of separately in their Cures, because they require (besides an Internal use of Mercurials) Local Applications.

A Chordee is a painful Contraction of the Franum in Erection, caused from an Inflammation of that Membrane, which on that account being thicker, is consequently shorter, and must excite a Pain when the Erection of the Penis stretches it.

Dr. Cockburn distinguishes another Chording Pain, arising from a Sore or Ulcer in the Urethra, as often as it comes to be compress'd by an Erection of the Penis, and infers from it, how far within the Urethra the Seat of a Gonorrhaa is: But against this I object,

That if an inflated Penis can so painfully compress this Ulcer on all sides, why

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should not a greater Compression with the Hand do it without Erection.

Secondly, If a Gonorrhaa be an Ulcer in the Urethra, and the Chording Pain a Compression on that Ulcer, then they must be inseparable Companions, and no Gonorrhaa could be without it.

And, Thirdly, I have known the Chordee often continue after a Running has been stopp'd, which by this All ation could not be true; supposing (as we reasonably may) that where there is no Running there is no Ulcer: The proper local Remedies to it are Fotus's of Milk wherein Lilly, Elder, or Marshmallow-Root has been boiled, and a little Sacchar. Saturn. added, or in their stead the Cataplasma Resolvens.

A Phymosis, is when the Praputium is difficult to bring backward: A Paraphymosis, when it choaks at the Neck of the Penis, and will not without pain or trouble be brought forward over the Glans: In some these are Natural Difficulties; but here, the effect of Tumour and Inflammation, as

those are again of Shankers:

Shankers are Venereal Ulcers on the Glans Praputium, or Franum: They are, with the Phymosis (as was observed in the beginning) occasioned when the Venereal Taint is lodged here, and does by its sharp Qualities, both coagulate those Liquors that lu-

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bricate the Glands, and corrode the Fibres A constituting them: The latter are Shankers, to rep the former Phymosis; for a Phymosis is no be ass thing but the effecting a Tumour on the Catag Glans and Praputium at the fame time. Inten

To a Phymosis the Injections should be ceed i

mild.

R Ag. Plantag. 3ij. Troch. alb. Rhaf. 3i. Mer. Potab. gr. vi. to be thrown between more the Glans and the Fore-skin with a Syringe, ons u and retained there a little to wash and moss, cleanse it; a Fomentation should be like in the wife used, and a Cataplasm of the Seeds not b with a little Ol. Libior. in it; or this follow- cy, ! ing:

R. Mica Panis m. j. Farin. Hord. pul. flor. Cham. ana m. ff. coquantur in latte ad consistent. Cataplasm. finita Decoct. adde ol. Sam-

buc. 31.

To a Shanker this Lotion. R. Ag. Plant. Rosar. an. 3j. Troch. alb. Rhas. 3ij. in hac instillat g. XV. sequent. liquor.

R. Mer. Sublimat. 3ij. dissolut. in sp. vin. 3sl.

& filtretur. Or,

Be Aq. Calcis 3j. Mer. sublimat 3j. solut. & filtretur proulu.

R Un. Basilic. 3j. Pracipit. rub. 3j. m. pro

Unquento.

B. Hydrargyr. Dr. Cockburn's Arcanum. Tereb. Venet. an. P. E. F. Unquent.

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A Malign, or Venereal Bubo is dangerous to repel, and should, from the beginning, be affished to Suppuration by Emplasticks, are Cataplaims, Cupping, and the like: An Intention that will be found difficultly to fucceed in most, and when compassed, without

great care, will turn fiftulous.

I have run over this Section with little n more than placing fome proper Prescriptie, ons under the feveral Heads of Chancre, Phyd mosis, &c. avoiding any nicer Disquisition in the choice of them, or Season of their use, ls not because they are intirely void of Efficacy, but because I am satisfy'd neither they, or any other Arcana will alone answer the purpose: They are all short of the Eu-- logiums bestow'd on them; and if not impertinent to the Ends proposed, are yet vexatious and tedious. And fince they are fo, and have a greater tendency to a Pox - Ithan a Gonorrhea, its expedient, and I think a very good Practice, presently to resort to Turbith for a Revulsion, or else by fome other equivalent Mercurials to procure a Spitting; there is nothing these Symptoms better or fooner fubmit to; for as the Mouth grows fore, there follows a mitigation, the Matter is diverted, the Shankers heal, and the Parts fuddenly regain their pristine Form and Tension.

Eight or ten Days continuance in a mo- Salinderate Salivation will ordinarily suffice to effects vanquish them; but if the Distemper proves A more deeply rooted, requiring one of strict- with er Confinement and Regimen, take the fol- leject lowing Rules.

SECTION IV.

HE Symptons of the Pox are cuticu- thief. lar Eruptions, Blotches, Ulcers in has j the Throat and Palate, Nocturnal Pains of Dr. the Head, Shoulders and Shins, Caries, that Night-Sweats, Alopecia's, falling off of the became Nails, Gummas, Nodes, Talpas, Confumithe M

ption and Marasmus.

How a Clap comes to end in such contu-macious and intractable Symptoms, may bleso be partly attributed to the Malignancy of see fi the Original Infection, partly to the Pre-disposition, or ill Habit, whereby the Blood becomes more easily receptive of that Ve-nom, but most often to an irregular Ma-tersp nagement of Cure, and use of Specificks: It of I exceeds my Design, as well as Capacity, to unriddle further the Nature of this Venom, in its several Appearances under of it that general Denomination of a Pox; hav-ing only intended here the short History of seen

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ical a bit is being

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Salivation, by which the most of them are

effectually to be removed.

A Salivation is dangerously undertaken with Aged People, with fuch as are lean, or l- dejected thro' Trouble or Misfortunes, or much emaciated; but especially with those whose Lungs are any way distemper'd, that are Hectical, Phthyical and Consumptive, because, as this Habit is acquired by the Glandulous Secretions being increas'd, Mercury pejorates the Mif-thief, and the more so, if such Indisposition n has proceeded from a former ill use of it. of Dr. Moulin affures us from Experiments, that Mercury is very prejudicial to the Lungs, he because they want that strong brisk Motion the Muscles have in other Parts, and by their lax and spongy Texture are extreme-ly unsit for clearing themselves of so trou-blesome a Guest: This (fays he) we daily of see from Persons often flux'd; who are atel terwards observ'd to die of Consumptions, that will not give way to any Course of Medicine: To which likewise agrees many interspersed Places in Mr. Martin's Collection of BAWDT Letters.

Mercury ordinarily Operates by a Flux thro' the Salival Glands, and by the parvity of its compounding Parts has a peculiar Aptitude thereto: The Benefits from it feem as much from the uninterrupted

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Continuance of its Operation, as any Specie epeat fick Vertue in the Mercury; for the Blood wrbit has leifure by fuch a length of time as a Sa Th livation takes up, to separate its noxious and we incongruous Parts, which are daily washed ausir and spewed out by the thin Liquors contines, nually taken, and consequently the Remain Reg der, after such a Defæcation, becomes more reat

Homogeneous.

A Salivation is raised by Mercurials is Sn and that either Externally or Internally by all used; Two or three Purges always and a precede as preparative, and after that after if we intend it by Unction, make up ent the following Ointment, and draw on puire a pair of Gloves and Stockings after the use extend of it, to keep the Linen and Bedcloaths wish clean.

Re Argent. Vivum ziv. Axuug. Porcin. zxij. Beg M. An Ounce of this is to be used at a time In for three days successively, beginning the raise first Illination on the Wrists and Ancles on-guar ly, leaving the Patient to chafe it in with verts his Hands warm'd before the Fire; the fe-Saliv cond higher about the Joynts of the Knees is pro and Elbows; and the third yet further up, port but cautiously, because the nearer you a- Mou noint to the Abdomen, the more likely the ling Body will be of being Laxative, and elude in the its proper Operation: If these Three In-unthe ctions answer not the purpose, we must still good

repeat Con

epeat it, and help forward with a Bolus of urbith.

This way by Unction I prefer, especially meak Bodies, the other more certainly ausing Nausea, Vomiting, Loosness, Faintes, and the like Accidents that interrupt Regular Course of Proceeding, and give reat uneasiness to a Patient. But since Untion has also its Faults, and is Offensive by a Smell and nastying the Cloths; since many also differ from me in this Preference, and give it to Mercurials, internally administred; and lastly, since the Rules to present those Symptoms mentioned, will require more Attention in the Internal than like internal use of Mercury: I shall chuse to finish the Course in that Method, and for asser Apprehension, divide the Flux into a Beginning, a State, and a Declension.

In the Beginning, or First Attempts to the raise a Flux, the only thing to be sear'd and guarded against, is a Diarrhaa, which distributed the Operation of the Mercury from the Salival Glands: This we must take notice is prevented, or abates and goes off, in proportion as we can procure a Soreness in the Mouth and Jaws, and increase the Dribheling; and therefore a very great Stress lies in the Manner and Method, as well as in the Administrations themselves, and in a good ordering the Patient as to Diet and at Consinement.

First, We have said two or three Purge Food are to precede: And the Reason of this is rishin that besides preparing the Body for succeed can to ing Mercurials, they leave an Astringency he P that makes a Patient less apt to it after bear wherefore those of them that leave more 4. than others of that Property behind beft be gu fuit the Purpose; as the

Potio Communis Purgativa Sydenham:

Secondly, In administring Mercurials, the Ti Bolus should contain but a small Dose at on w first.

R Mer. Dul. gr. x. Laud. L. gr. ij. Conf. ring Rof. q. f. fiat Bolus quaque nocte sumend. And but be increased two or three Grains every Refor of petition; because large Doses of it in the an A beginning exert too much force in the Prima via, and by the effect of their own Irritation, are pass'd off with their Contents; the whereas a finall one, without giving fuch disturbance, leisurely intrudes it self, and in the Circulation arrives at and wounds the Salival Glands; and when once it has obtain'd that Path, the subsequent Doses more easily follow, and suppreis all Fears of a Diversion.

Thirdly, The Diet has its Use towards this End, and should be dry and astringent; Rice, toasted Cheese, Yolks of Eggs in mull'd Whitewine, a Harts-horn-Drink, and Roast-meats, in general, are proper

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ge Food; minding to continue the most nou-is rishing of them (the Meats) as long as we ed an to support the Strength thro'; for in ncy he Progress the Throat will be too fore to er hear swallowing any thing but Liquids. ore 4. Another means conducive to it, will

bef be guarding against Cold, which would by constipating the Pores make the Body loofe

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the Thefe few Rules premis'd, we may go at on with the Mercurial Bolus's for three or four Nights fuccessively; and if the Spit-ting in that time is found to have advanc'd nd but flowly, or the Body is laxative, alter it for one of Turb. Min. à gr. v ad viij, giving an Anodyne Draught at the end of its Ope-

i-Two or three Turbith Bolus's following the other, and increasing their Dose a Grain every Repetition (a v ad viii) may be expected to raise the Flux; but Constitutions differ, and will be always an Exception to any stated number: I've known two Bolus's of Calomel raise a Salivation, and I have feen fbif. of Mercury by Unction ineffectual. And here it may not be altogether unfit to mention the opposite Consequences that at some times proceed from the use of such a Quantity under different Symptoms: I have known no turnal Pains of the Head and Shoulders that have been removed by using such a quantity in Un Ction, tho' a Spitting never succeeded; and yet the same persisting when the Case ha been Eruptions and stinking putrid Ulcers has not only failed, as to the Salivation, bu render'd the Case deplorable, by increasing their Number and Quantity of Matter, and confuming the Patient in colliquative Sweats: But in this, Reason and Experi ence must be our Guide; we must be able to know when the Mercury operates kind ly, and whether the Patient's Constitution and Courage will support him thro' the Course; because now, if the Success i doubted, we may fafely divert with Ca tharticks, which in the increase will be dangerous and impracticable; for my own part, I have feldom miss'd, more or less, o a Loofeness in the raising a Salivation, and have perfifted in the use of Turbith, when a Patient has had fixteen or eighteen Stool in a Night; but this has been in robust strong Bodies, and with this Caution, o giving a Respit for a Day or two, a Harr horn Drink, and an Anodyne Draught.

If in the beginning of a Flux there should be a more than ordinary Pain in the Jaws and Mouth, and the Saliva running of bloody, we are not to be startled at it, they are the common Attendants of Mercury and reach no further than the Parts imme

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diately affected; a Day's Intermission from Mercurials will palliate, and in a great measure correct such Uneasinesses; and to prevent their return and Aggravation, we may perfect the remainder of our Work by Unction, which does not affect with fo much Pain as Mercury received by the Mouth does.

but as it increases in Quantity, grows thin and serous.

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By the State of a Salivation, I mean that time from a Patient's spitting about a Quart in 24 Hours, till its height and return which may include a Fortnight or more; and during this, the exactest Regulation is required to promote the Flux, and avoid the danger of a Diver-fion. The beginning has less regard in Regimen, because the Fauces as yet suffer soouf Nature; but in this their Soreness will admit of nothing but soft Liquors, as thin Broths and Gruels, which as they afford very little Nourishment, and that the Flux very little Nourishment, and that the Flux is still greater, a Faintness and Debility of necessity follows, that will constrain us to stricter Rules. The Patient must be altogether confin'd to the Bed; he must be kept between the Blankets: the Bed well kept between the Blankets; the Bed well lin'd: G 2

lin'd; the Room close and warm, and a Julap pro Languoribus; the Head and Jaws should be covered also with Flannel, it repels the Effects of Cold, and is Anodyne.

Laftly, The Mouth should be frequently wash'd with the Liquids they drink, to cleanse and scour the Glands from Filth, that they may the more freely spue out their Contents; for this purpose therefore, and also for quenching the continual Thirst they will be under from a large Spitting, plenty of them must be in readiness; and they should be used warm, because Cold (in this general Ulceration of the Mouth) would create great Pain, check the Flux, and hazard the falling out of the Teeth. If there should be a necessity to check its Activity, Flos Sulphuris is the Medicine.

I account the Salivation well raised, if I can make it amount to about two Quarts in a Natural Day, and continue it so for eight or ten; but let the highest Quantity be what it will, whenever it lessens regularly, it signifies the Mercury to have spent its utmost Force and Power, and puts us on Considerations for our Third and last Branch, The Recovery, or State of Declen-

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A Flux that has advanced kindly to its Height, will as gradually decline, and in the close of it calls for Physick and Diet Drink, to expel the Remains and Recrements of the Mercury: They are not given till the Swelling and Soreness of the Jaws and Mouth are well abated, and the Draining little; some there will be while the Mouth continues fore, because, while the Fibres are excoriated, there will be a proportionable Vellication that will express the Juices within their Contact; and this might continue an inconvenient length. if the Humours were not diverted, and the Ulcerations dried in the end, by Enema's, Catharticks and Gargles.

By Pil. Coch. Extr. Rud. and gr. xv. rez Jalap. gr. iv, Ol. Carui gutt. ij. f. Pil. no. v. deaurand. ad sex vices repetand. alternis diebus.

R. Fol. Sennæ Alex. 3j. Zinzib. Sal Tartar. ana 3j. Infunde tepide per noctem Colatur. 3iij. adde Ol. Anisi gutt. j. Syr. Rosar. Solutiv. 3vj. M.

Re Manna opt. 3j. dissolv. in this. Aq. Strethamens. & superbib. thiij. Aqua ejus dem singulis diebus.

Be Ag. Rosar. Plantag. ana Ziji. Mell rosar. 31. Ol. Vit. gutt. vi. pr Gargarism. ad os eluendum.

Be Fol. Plantag. Myrtill. in Aq. 1 lord. decoet. Colatur. 3viij. adde Syr. è Moris 3j. M. F.

Gargarism.

Diet Drinks are appointed in conjun-Ction with these, and may be continued fix Weeks or two Months. They, together, fubdue and carry off the Remnants of the Mercury, heal the Excoriations of the Mouth, and the Drinks, in particular, correct the Acidities of the Blood, and procure a gentle Diaphoresis, which very much avails in finishing a removal of all Pains.

Be Baccar. Junip. 3j. Rad. Liquirit. Sem. Fanic. ana 3). infunde in Cerevisia tenuis conq. j. Colatura, adde Sp. Cochlear. 311. pro ulu.

R Lign. Sassaphras. Ziij. Sarsa, Guaiac. ana 311. Rad. Liquir. Sem. Coriand. Anifi, ana 31. CC Raz. 3is. bulliant in thxvy. Ag. ad Cxij. Colatura bibat sape in die.

Be Thee ex Sassaphras. bibat bis vel ter in

aie.

Re Cerevisia è Lignis Doctoris Fuller.

Be Decoet. Dieteticum Sydenham pro Potu commune.

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Suffumigation is sometimes substituted in room of the preceding Course; and is said to remove Pans, an dry up running Ulcers, or a Ciries, better, and with more

Dispatch.

In the Management of it, the Patient is stripped naked, and placed on a Stool with a Hole thro', under which the Fume is put: He is covered all over with Blankets, (except the Head, for fear of Suffocation) which are drawn pretty close about the Neck to keep the Fume in. When Sweat begins to come, he must be put to Bed, and there well covered for an Hour or two and this repeated six, seven, or more Days, according to the Urgency of the Symptoms: The Fume is made always of Cinnabar.

R Cinnabar. factitia Bil. Thuris, Styracis,

ana 31. M. F. Pulvis.

R Cinnabar. 3ij. Styrac. Calamit. Nucis Moschat. ana 3ij. Benzoin 3iij. cum Terebinth. F. Trochisci.

FINIS.

ESUINSI * Lagranger is fortet atte fille de l'action de l'action de l'action de l'action de l'action de l'action de la company de la compa to reladive Pains, and covered all over with Intulers, (a VSEVM BRITAN NICVM ding to the Urgency of the Symptoms: The Fume is made always of Commer. Consider to the Sill There's North Shrac Corne mar gilo marenz Action indicate

